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Introduction



■ Irradiated Materials Examination Facility (IMEF)

- ☐ Conducting PIE on irradiated materials used in the HANARO research reactor and power plant reactors
 - Irradiation behavior evaluation of developing fuels and structural materials for next-generation reactors
 - Integrity and life estimation of the structural parts in an operating reactor
 - Back and fuel cycle demonstration tests



Figure. IMEF and HANRO building



Figure. Operating area of IMEF

Introduction



■ IMEF outline

- Construction: $1988 \text{ yr} \sim 1993 \text{ yr}$
- 3 stories and a basement (4,000 m²)
- 71m in a total hot cell length
- 8 hot cells with 31 working units

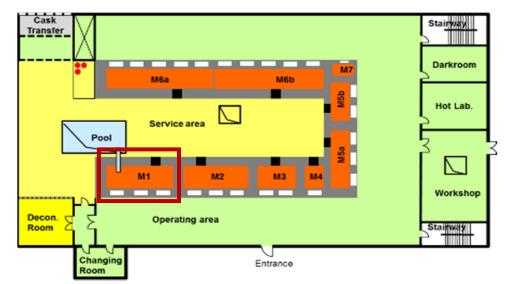


Figure. IMEF 1st floor layout

Table. Main function and equipment of hotcell

Hotcell	Main Function	Equipment	
M1	Non-destructive test	Gamma scanning system, X-ray CT, Dimension measurement system, Fission gas analysis system, Vacuum heating system	
M2	Dismantling & Cutting	CNC milling M/C, Capsule cutting M/C	
M3	Specimen preparation	Micro cutting M/C, Mounting press, Polishing M/C	
M4	Specimen storage	Storage rack	
M5 line	Mechanical tests	Impact tester, 2-D optical coordinate tester, UTM	
M7	Microscopy	OM, Hardness tester, Density equipment, SEM	
Hot Lab.	Material Morphology	Shielded EPMA, TEM with EDX, Micro X-ray CT	

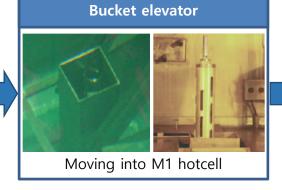
Introduction



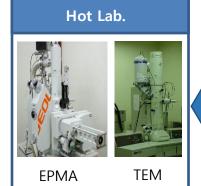
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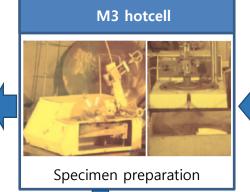


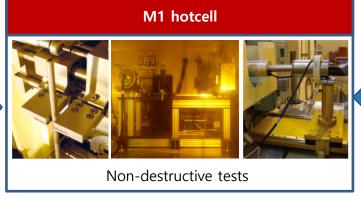




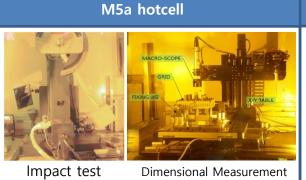


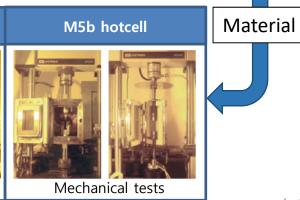














■ Gamma scanning

- Installed in operating area: MCA, PC, Bench controller on the outside the hotcell wall(service area): HPGe detector
- Automatically measuring radionuclide using the bench system
- Using tungsten collimator to minimize the detector deadtime

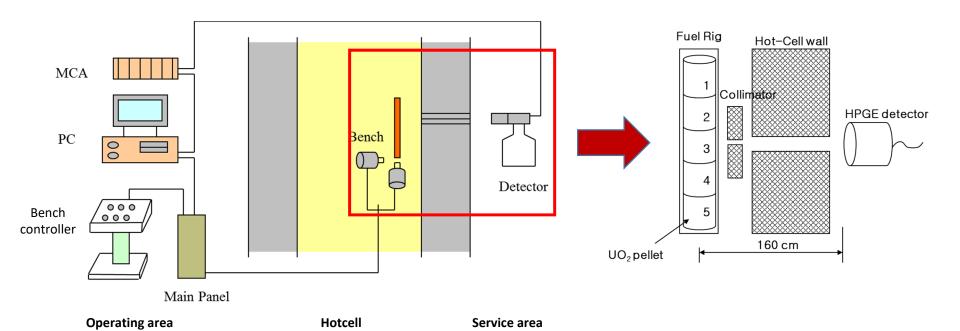
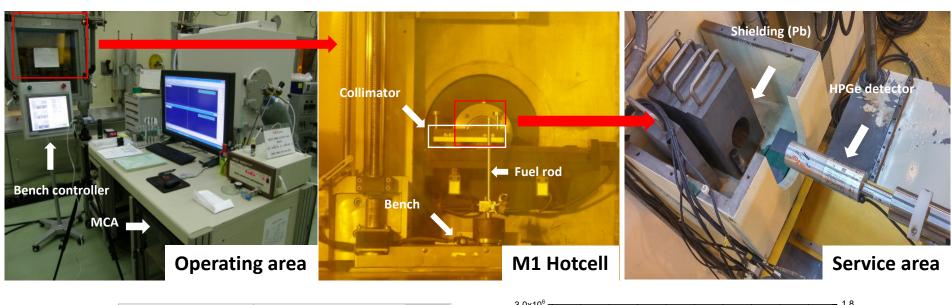
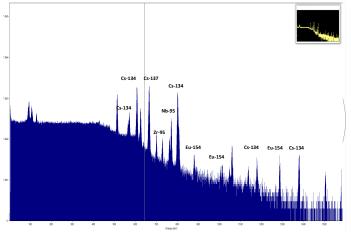


Figure. Schematic diagram of gamma scanning installed in M1 hotcell



■ Gamma scanning





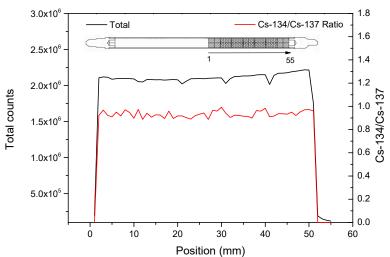
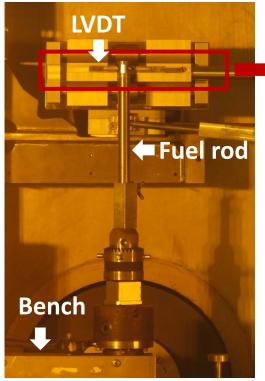


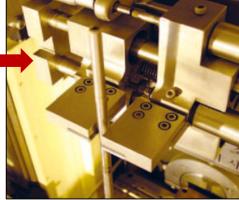
Figure. Example of gamma scanning for R&D research fuel



■ Dimensional measurement

- Measuring diameters of fuel rods using the LVDT
- Automatically measuring the diameter using the bench system
- Confirming a change of diameters and swelling







0.12 0.08 Displacement (mm) A180-000 Deg. A180-060 Deg. 0.04 A180-120 Deg. 0.00 -0.04 -0.08 20 40 60 80 100 120 Position (mm)

Figure. Example of diameter measurement

Figure. LVDT installed in M1 hotcell

Figure. Bench controller



■ Dimensional measurement

- Developed for measuring thickness and oxide thickness of plate fuel
- Measuring the plate thickness and the oxide thickness using a LVDT and ECT respectively after performing the calibration by standard specimen
- Maximum measureable size: $\sim 700 \text{ mm(L)}$, $\sim 100 \text{ mm(W)}$ Minimum measureable gap : $\sim 1 \text{ mm}$

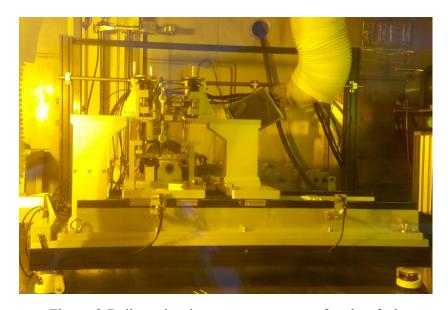


Figure. 2-D dimensional measurement system for plate fuel

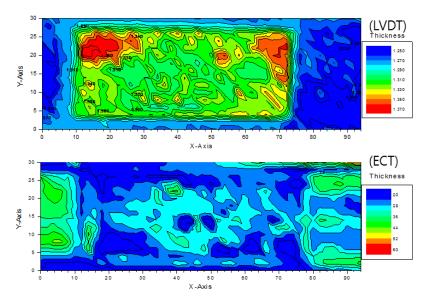


Figure. Example of thickness and oxide thickness measurement



■ X-ray CT system

	Voltage	20 - 450 kV	
X-ray Tube	Current	0 - 15 mA	
	Focus size	0.4/1.0 mm	
	Length	500mm(effective),	
Array	Pitch	254 μm pitch, 1984 elements in 32 modules	
(LDA)	Scintillator	CdWO4	
	Collimator	1 mm, tungsten	
	Turn table diameter	400 mm	
Sample bench	Max. height and width(sample)	Height : 400mm Width : 120mm	
	Focus-detector distance	800 ~ 1500 mm	
Software	CT software with GOST module		

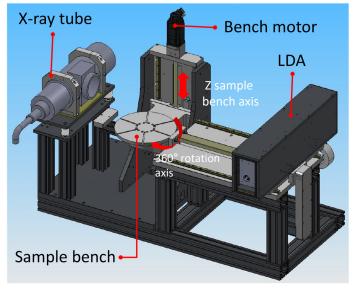


Figure. 450kV X-ray system layout

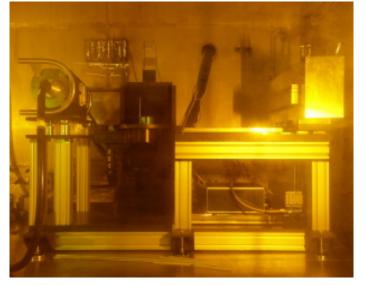


Figure. 450kV X-ray system installed in hotcell



■ X-ray CT system

- Observing internal fuel shapes and cracks without destruction
- Measuring the dimensions using the 3D software and CT technology
- Reducing specimen waste during the cutting by providing precise fuel shapes and position

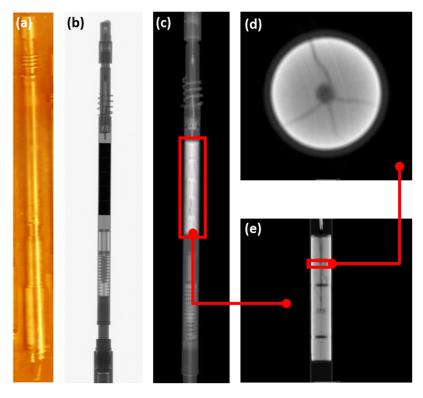


Figure. (a) Research reactor fuel, (b) DR scan image, (c) CT scan image (d) CT scan image(section view) and (e) CT scan image(section view)

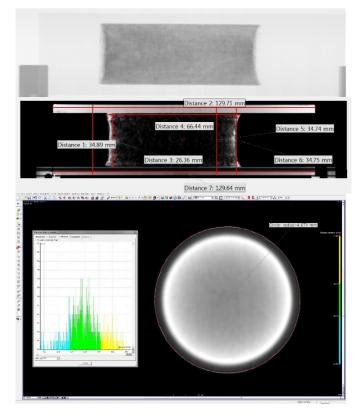


Figure. Example of dimensional measurement using X-ray program



■ Fission gas analysis

- Measuring an internal void and a released fission gas
- Puncturing a fuel rod using the laser system
- Analyzing ratio of a released fission gas using the QMS after performing a calibration
- Laser: Fiber laser, 250 W
- QMS : 1 ~ 200 amu



Figure. Example of fission gas analysis results

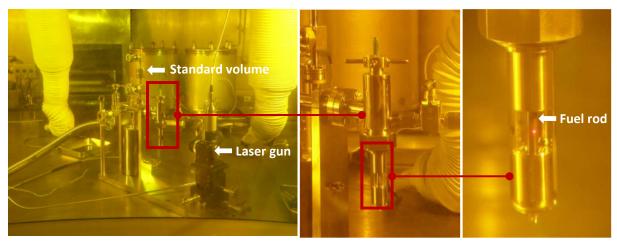


Figure. Laser puncturing system installed in hotcell

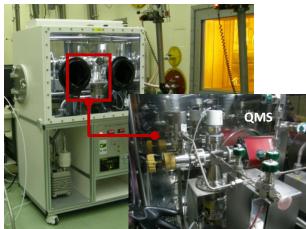
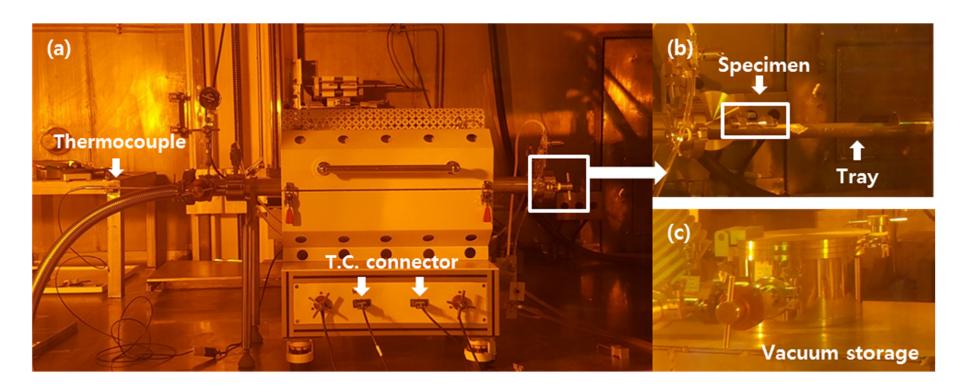


Figure. Glove box and vacuum system



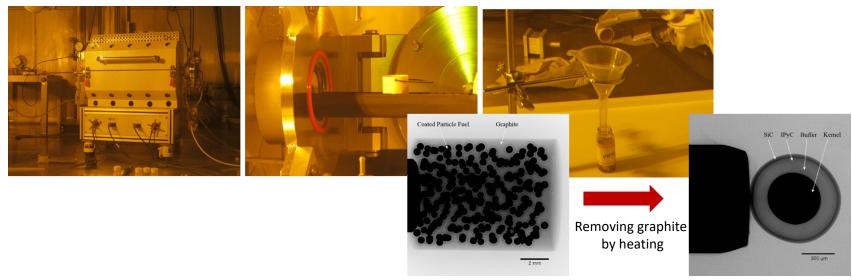
■ Heating system

- Developed to confirm various reactions according to the temperature
- Renovated as a vacuum heating furnace to prevent a oxidation of a specimen
- Using the rotary and diffusion pump ($\sim 10^{-6}$ Torr)

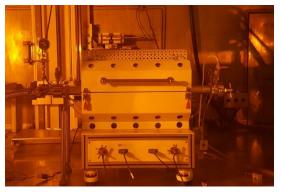


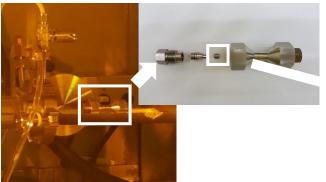


■ Heating system



Fuel compact Coated particle fuel





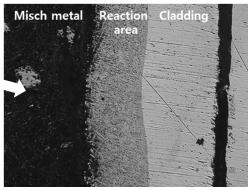


Figure. Example of heating test for R&D research fuel

Summary



- 1. Test equipment and jigs for NDT have been developed and operated in M1 hotcell. And various PIEs were successfully performed and provided a high-quality PIE data.
- 2. Burst test and hydriding for the surveillance test of the pressure tube will be performed in M1 hotcell.
- 3. Through this, IMEF has been devoted to supplying high-quality PIE data to R&D projects on nuclear fuel and materials.

